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Laser-induced parallel structures on multilayer thin films of Ni, Pd, Ti, Ta and W

<u>Aleksander G. Kovačević¹</u>, Suzana Petrović², Jelena Potočnik², Marina Lekić¹, Branislav Salatić¹, Vladimir Lazović¹, Dejan Pantelić¹, Branislav Jelenković¹

(1) Institute of Physics, University of Belgrade, Pregrevica 118, 11080 Belgrade, Serbia

(2) Institute of Nuclear Sciences "Vinča", University of Belgrade, POBox 522, 11001 Belgrade, Serbia

Contact: A. Kovačević (<u>aleksander.kovacevic@ipb.ac.rs</u>)

Abstract. The interaction of ultrashort laser beam with metal surfaces may induce the generation of periodic structures (LIPSS) with period less than the incoming wavelength, opening wide area of application [1, 2]. The presence of the underneath layer influences the quality of the LIPSS [3]. We have exposed multilayer thin films Ni/Ti, Ni/Pd, W/Ti, Ti/Ta to femtosecond beams of various wavelengths and powers. The interactions have been performed by Mira900 fs laser of Coherent. Detailed surface morphology after irradiation was examined firstly by optical microscopy, and then by scanning electron microscopy (JEOL JSM-7500F, Tokyo, Japan). Two types of structures have been noticed. Their appearance differ in the direction against the polarization direction, in pronounced ablation and in the spatial period, enabling their grouping into LIPSS of higher and lower spatial frequencies. Surface plasmon polariton is seen as the most probable cause of periodic distribution of energy at the surface and consequently to LIPSS.

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